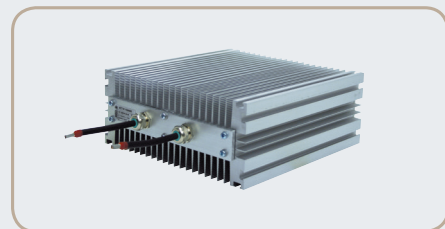
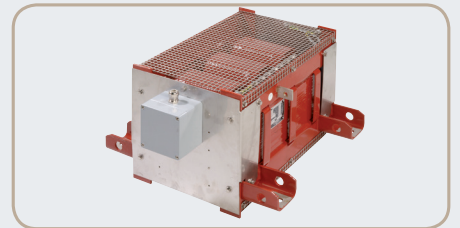
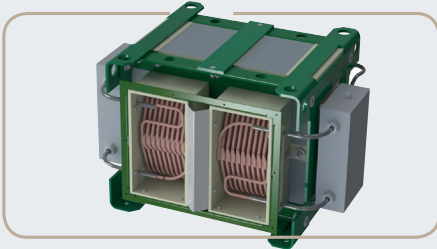
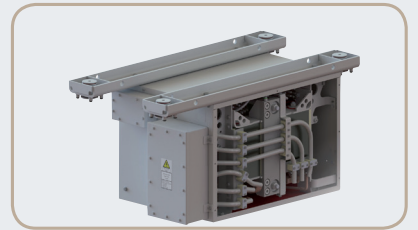
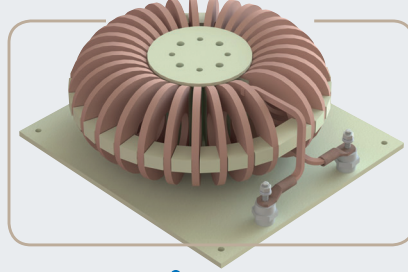
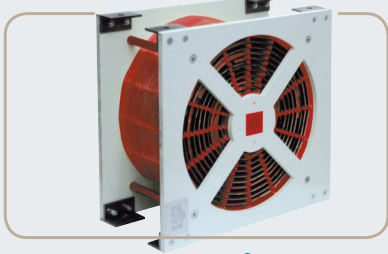


REO components for railway applications

Product catalogue

Air chokes • Iron chokes • Transformers • Load and damping resistors • Current transformer • Liquid-cooled chokes and resistors • Air chokes •

Railway components



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Components for auxiliary converters	p.21
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REO has set itself the task of contributing to making trains ever safer, today and in the future. With mains filters, inductors and transformers, we ensure that EMC problems are eliminated directly at the source.

The result is that voltage changes, short-circuits and any other problems associated with electricity cannot present a hazard to railway personnel or passengers.

Compliance with international norms, the exploitation of the latest technologies and decades of experience make REO a strong partner.

REO manufactures components for two main areas of railway technology:

A) Auxiliary converters:

- Transformers from 16 2/3 up to 30 kHz
 - Boost-/Buck converters
 - EMC-Filter
 - Sinusoidal filter
 - Current transformers
 - Charging resistors
- from IP 00 – IP 65, available for liquid-cooled systems, too.

B) Main drive:

- EMC HV chokes
- Leakage transformers
- Flow Controls
- Mains chokes
- Components for onboard power supplies
- Damping resistors
- Current transformers
- Filter chokes

In its Centre of Competence in Berlin, REO today develops railway engineering components to meet the requirements of worldwide railway organizations and, thanks to partnerships with companies in the USA, China, India and Germany, they are able to be manufactured quickly and efficiently with the highest standards of quality. In conjunction with its worldwide sales network, REO can respond quickly at any time.

With great attention to modern production methods, efficient workflow, close cooperation with universities and the constant further development and improvement of processes, every day REO provides electric railway line builders with products that contribute to the safety, functionality and global growth of rail technology.

With the IRIS certification of the subsidiary in Berlin / Hennigsdorf and the ISO certification in China and the U.S., REO demonstrates quality at the highest international standards.

EN 45545
DIN 5510
NF F 16-101/102

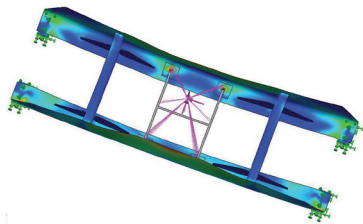
IRIS CERTIFIED

EN 15085 CL I
CERTIFIED

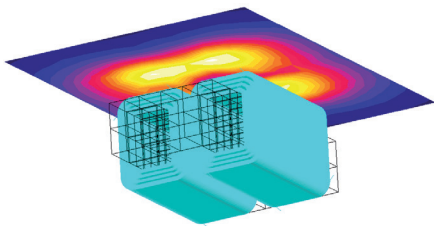
The advantages at a glance

- EN 45545: REO produces components in accordance with the European fire protection standard EN 45545, as well as in accordance with DIN 5510 and NF F 16-101/102
- REO's flexible production strategy mean that small production quantities are possible
- Individual solutions matched to your application
- Modern core materials (nanocrystalline and amorphous) are used for the optimisation
- REO speaks your language: Our worldwide field sales offices always keep us close to our clients - no matter what your language, time zone, or currency. A REO location is near you, guaranteeing fast, efficient and cost-effective handling for your order
- Safety through inspections and approvals: Complete type checking and validation of developments in accordance with EN 60310

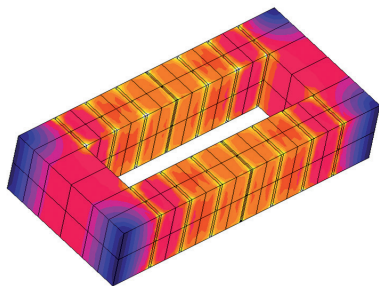
To ensure complete safety, high reliability and exceptional robustness, the components are tested and optimized in detail with the use of FEM analyses and a range of calculations and simulations. Many of the analytical procedures are employed before the part is manufactured, to achieve not only cost and time savings but also efficiency in manufacturing.



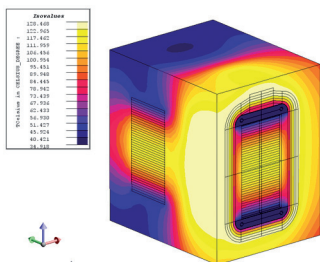
Spannungsanalyse mittels FEM



3D-Magnetfeldsimulation
- Bestimmung der
magnetischen Streuffeldichte -



3D-Magnetfeldsimulation
- Verteilung der
magnetischen Flussdichte -



3D-Thermosimulation
- Thermische Verteilung der Wärme -

Using the knowledge resulting from the analytical procedures the products are optimized where required and new information is obtained for generating further innovative developments.

FEM analysis

Testing methods – e.g. FEM analysis based on a 3D model generated in Solid Works – provide information about physical values such as static and dynamic linear & non-linear voltage conditions, natural frequency, bolt strength, strength of welded seams, etc.

Making use of three-dimensional finite-element methods (3D FEM) and using various simulation tools, comprehensive calculations about structure mechanics, electromagnetic and thermal properties can be done prior to manufacturing.

The 3D FEM magnetic-field calculation process

enables detailed calculations about magnetic flux densities and energies, the extent of leakage fields, inductances and much more. This data gives information about the influence on neighbouring equipment and leads to compliance with the required standards. Optimization procedures get right to the heart of the manufacturing process to ensure efficiency right through production.

3D thermal simulation

Further testing and simulation, such as 3D thermal simulation, add to the set of analyses and provide insight into quality and potential for improvement of the components. Used in addition to the three-dimensional electromagnetic field calculations, it is a further important analysis tool because it enables us to see inside the material and gain important information about local hot spots that can, in the medium term, influence the expected service life. On top of that, complete thermal sequences can be simulated, giving information about thermal behaviour and helping in making decisions about the required cooling system in relation to the conditions of use.

Shock and vibration testing

ensures high component reliability. Three-dimensional loading tests are carried out in accordance with DIN EN 61373 and using different loading levels, providing a realistic basis for evaluation as well as giving insights into the mechanical properties of the material used.

Fire protection

In order to comply with fire protection regulations, the burning behaviour of all railway components is verified by accredited testing laboratories.

All these procedures and simulations are carried out using the latest engineering programs, and are carried out with in-house supervision or in our partner laboratories. In this way, REO ensures that the product range is consistently optimized and maintains high quality standards.



Technical data*		
Rated current DC/AC	10 - 2000	[A]
Inductivity	0,04 - 80	[mH]
Linearity L(l)	independent	
Linearity L(f)	$L(f) > 75\% \times L_{nom}$ bis 30 kHz	
Capacity	< 2	[nF]
Rated voltage AC	25	[kV]
Rated voltage DC	750 - 3600	[V]
Max. short-circuit current	50	[kA]
Test voltage	20 - 50	kV
Overvoltage category	OV1 - OV3	
Operating ambient temperature	-50 bis +65	[°C]
Cooling method	AN /AF	
Degree of pollution	PD 1- PD 4	
Protection class	IP X4	
Max. operating altitude	2000	[m]
Operating life	> 30	Years
Fault rate	< 200	fit

Air choke LD

Advantages

- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B
- High mechanical resistance
- High linearity L(l)
- High linearity L(f)
- Very low Eddy current losses
- No hysteresis losses
- Optimal weight through forced air cooling
- Protection rating IPX4
- Installation in the exhaust duct of the converter - Integration into an existing cooling system
- Directed airflow through the use of GRP tube
- Degree of pollution PD4
- Test voltage up to 50 kV

Information on air choke LD

The air choke is designed for use in vehicles in direct current (DC) voltage systems. This includes railed vehicles such as underground and commuter trains, but also trolleybuses. The term "air choke" refers to the complete, ready-for-operation unit comprising the inductor, cooled air flow, suspension and connections.

The air choke is an inductive component which stores magnetic energy. It filters voltage peaks and prevents voltage dips so that deviations from the ideal converter input are kept as low as possible. Furthermore, it also reduces the circuit disturbances, which are created as a result of parasitic circuit components and switching operations.





Technical data*		
Rated current DC/AC	10 - 1000	[A]
Inductivity L_{nenn}	0,01 - 1,2	[mH]
Linearity L(l)	independent	
Linearity L(f)	$L(f) > 90 \% \times L_{nenn}$ up to 30 kHz	
Capacity	< 2	[nF]
Rated voltage AC	25	[kV]
Rated voltage DC	750 - 3600	[kV]
Max. short-circuit current	10	[kA]
Test voltage	50	kV
Overtoltage category	OV1 - OV3	
Operating ambient temperature	-50 bis +65	[°C]
Cooling method	AN / AF	
Degree of pollution	PD1 - PD 4	
Protection class	IP 00 - IP X4	
Max. operating altitude	2000	[m]
Operating life	> 30	Years
Fault rate	< 200	fit

Air choke TD

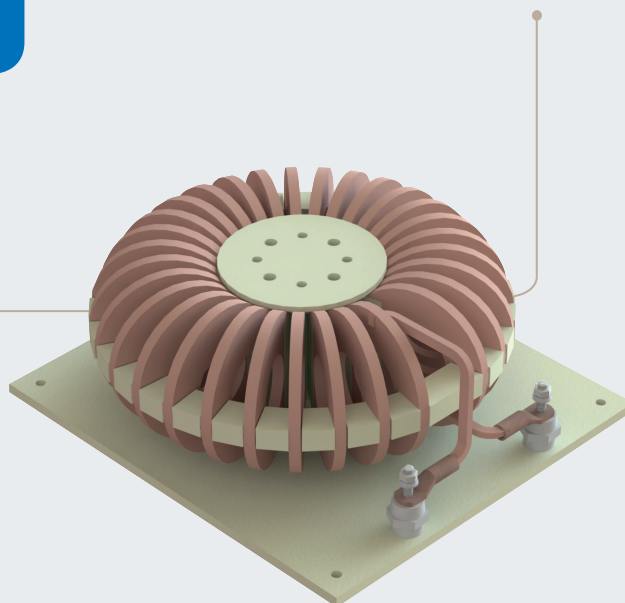
Advantages

- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B
- High mechanical resistance
- Very useful for naturally air cooling AN
- Very low magnetic leakage and therefore well suited for low good EMC limits
- High linearity L(l)
- High linearity L(f)
- Very low Eddy current losses
- No hysteresis losses
- Optimal weight through forced air cooling
- Protection rating IPX4
- Installation in the exhaust duct of the converter - Integration into an existing cooling system
- Degree of pollution PD4

Information on air choke TD

The REO air choke in toroidal design has a very low magnetic leakage and is very good suitable for low EMC limits.

The complete unit of inductor, cooled air flow, suspension and connections is designed for use with railed vehicles.



Technical data*		
Inductance [mH]	15 - 30	[mH]
Rated current [A]	100 - 400	[A]
Linear to [A]	200 - 800	[A]
Magn. Energy [J]	75 - 1350	[J]
Losses P* [KW]	1,9 - 11,9	[kW]
Inductance [mH]	15 - 30	[mH]
Rated current [A]	100 - 400	[A]
Linear to [A]	200 - 800	[A]
Magn. Energy [J]	75 - 1350	[J]
Losses P* [KW]	2,1 - 16,9	[kW]

Rod core choke

* Losses with forced air cooling at 4 m / s

Informationen on rod core choke

Rod core chokes, like air chokes, are primarily used as mains chokes in the DC range, for example, in trains, metro lines or high-speed trains.

Rod core chokes achieve a higher inductance than air chokes due to the iron core used and are also more space-saving.

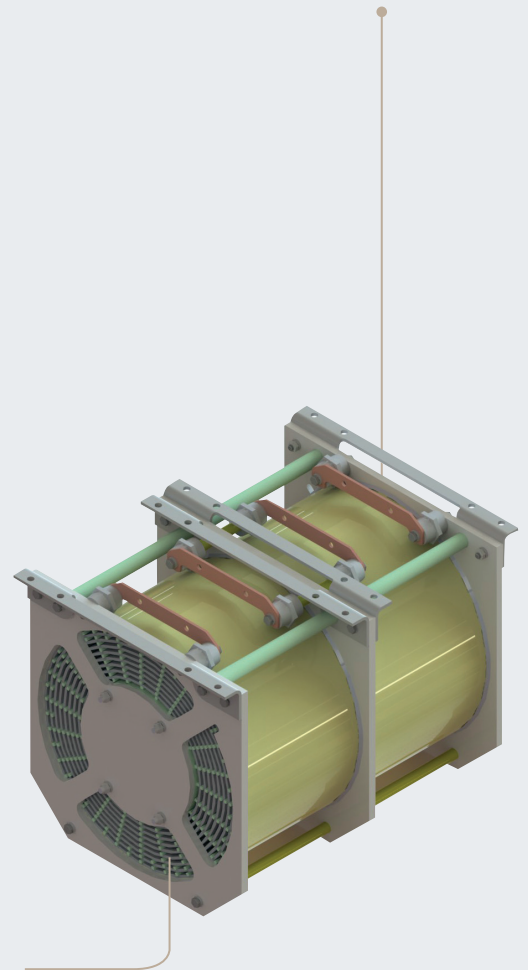
Particularly in railway technology, many components must be developed so that they fit together with other products in the existing installation space of the train.

Here, the rod core choke can represent a useful alternative to an air choke, if a high inductance is required and little space is available and the currents are known.

High inductance is particularly advantageous at high voltage levels (e.g. 3 kV in the Polish rail network), in order to achieve good smoothing and at the same time, offer a compact solution. Furthermore, the frequency dependence of the inductance is better than air chokes.

Advantages

- Space saving
- Lighter than iron choke
- Easy construction
- Good L (f) performance
- Less winding material required than with air chokes
- Less losses than comparable air chokes





Rated current I_{nom} DC/AC	30 - 2500	[A]
Inductivity L_{nom}	0,1 - 280	[mH]
Linearity L(I)	$L(I) > 90\% \times L_{nom}$ up to $1,5 \times I_{nom}$	
Linearity L(f)	$L(f) > 90\% \times L_{nom}$ up to 30 kHz	
Withstanding voltage	Up to 24 kV	[kV]
Parasitic capacitance	< 50	[nF]
Rated voltage	Up to 25 kV AC; up to 3600 kV DC	
Max. short-circuit current	10	[kA]
Test voltage	20	kV
Overvoltage category	OV1 - OV3	
Ambient temperature	-50 up to +65	[°C]
Cooling method	AN / AF	
Degree of pollution	PD1 - PD 4	
Protection class	IP X4 - IP 21	
Max. operating altitude	2000	[m]
Operating life	> 30	Years
Fault rate	< 200	fit

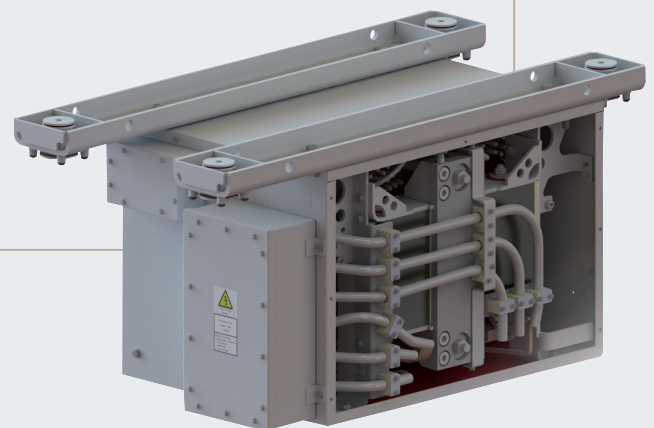
Iron choke ED

Advantages

- Suitable for use in rail vehicles
- High mechanical resistance
- Very high diversification of geometry possible
- Good short-circuit response of the winding
- High inductivity in a small installation space
- Low magnetic leakage
- Optimal weight through forced air cooling
- Protection rating IPX4
- Installation in the exhaust duct of the converter- Integration into an existing cooling system
- Degree of pollution PD4
- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B

Information on iron choke ED

The iron choke filters voltage peaks and prevents voltage dips so that deviations from the ideal converter input are kept as low as possible. Furthermore, it also reduces the circuit disturbances, which are created as a result of parasitic circuit components and switching operations. A REO ED Choke provides particularly high inductivity and low magnetic leakage.





Technical data*		
Rated current I_{nom} DC/AC	60 - 1500	[A]
Inductivity L_{nom}	1 - 32	[mH]
Linearity L(I)	$L(I) > 90\% \times L_{nom}$ bis $1,5 \times I_{nom}$	
Linearity L(f)	$L(f) > 90\% \times L_{nom}$ bis 30 kHz	
Parasitic capacitance	< 50	[nF]
Rated voltage	200 - 4000	[kV]
Saturation inductance L_{nom}	50%	[%]
Max. short-circuit current	10	[kA]
Test voltage	6 - 12	kV
Overvoltage category	OV1 - OV3	
Operating ambient temperature	-50 up to +65	[°C]
Cooling method	AN / AF	
Degree of pollution	PD1- PD 4	
Protection class	IP X4 – IP 21	
Max. operating altitude	2000	[m]
Operating life	> 30	Years
Fault rate	< 200	fit

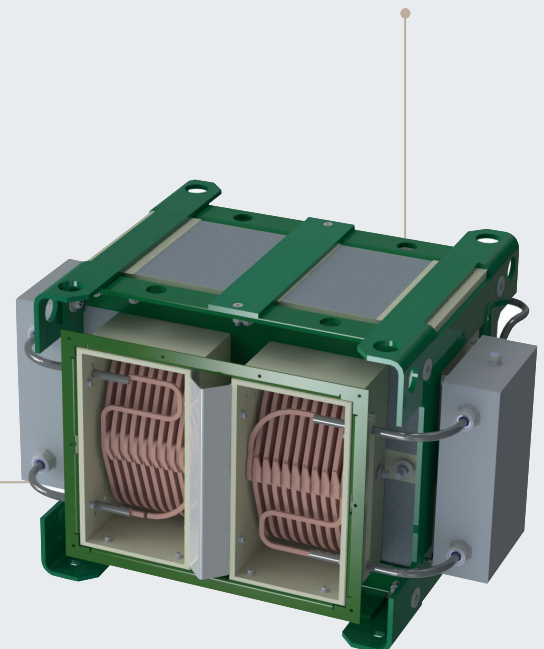
Iron choke LFD

Advantages

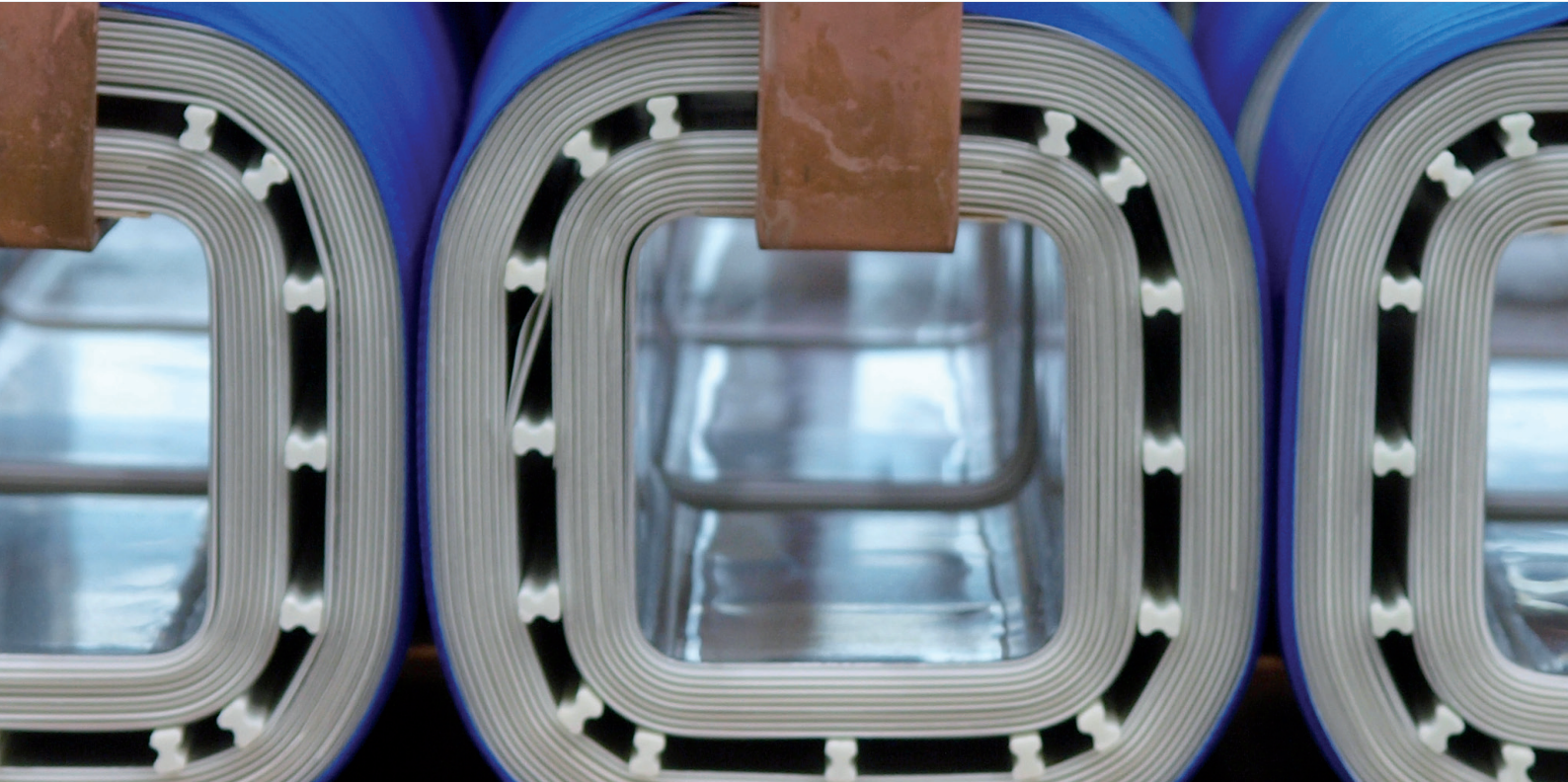
- Suitable for use in rail vehicles
- High mechanical resistance
- High inductivity in a small installation space
- Very high saturation inductance
- Very low magnetic leakage
- Optimal weight through forced air cooling
- Protection rating IPX4
- Installation in the exhaust duct of the converter - Integration into an existing cooling system
- Degree of pollution PD4
- Good for AN Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B

Information on iron choke LFD

With an REO iron choke LFD particularly high saturation inductors and very low magnetic leakage can be achieved.

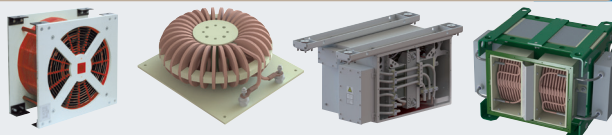


Comparison NTT chokes



Comparison between NTT chokes*				
	LD	TD	ED	LFD
Max. Current	2000 A	1000 A	2500 A	1500 A
Inductance L_{nom}	50 mH	0,5 mH	280 mH	280 mH
Linearity L(I)	very good	very good	ok	good
Linearity L(f)	very good	very good	ok	good
Magnetic strayfield	high	very low	low	low
Short-circuit strength	very good	good	good	ok
mechanical strength	very good	good	good	ok

NTT chokes





Technical data*		
Rated power P_{nom}	2.5 - 1000	[kVA]
Primary voltage U_{prim}	50 - 2000	[V]
Frequency	50/60	[Hz]
uk	2 - 32	%
Test voltage	1 - 12	kV
Operating ambient temperature	-50 bis +65	[°C]
Cooling method	AN / AF	
Degree of pollution	PD1- PD 4	
Protection class	IP X4 – IP 55	
Max. operating altitude	2000	[m]
Operating life	> 30	Years
Fault rate	< 200	fit

Transformers NTT ET/DT

Advantages

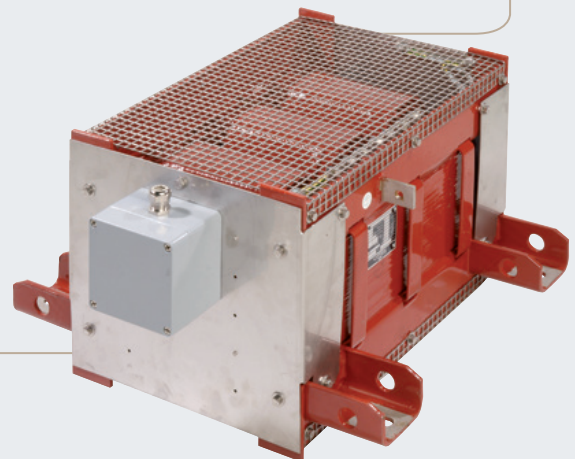
- High degree of efficiency
- Low no-load losses
- Reduced field scattering
- Low noise level
- Weight-optimized
- High mechanical resistance
- Protection rating IPX4
- Installation in the exhaust duct of the converter - Integration into an existing cooling system
- Degree of pollution PD4
- Also available as a scattering field transformer with an integrated scattered core
- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B

Information on transformers

The transformer connects single-phase or multiphase alternating voltage networks of the same frequency but often with differing voltages. The primary and secondary windings are magnetically coupled, so there is always galvanic isolation of the windings.

The transformers ET and DT are designed for use in vehicles in an AC or DC network (in inverter mode). This includes railed vehicles such as underground and commuter trains or passenger trains in AC network systems. To do this, the transformers are either used for the galvanic isolation of the AC networks and for voltage adjustments of auxiliary plant inverter output voltage.

The term "transformer" refers to the complete, ready-for-operation unit comprising of core package, winding, cooled air flow, suspension and connections.



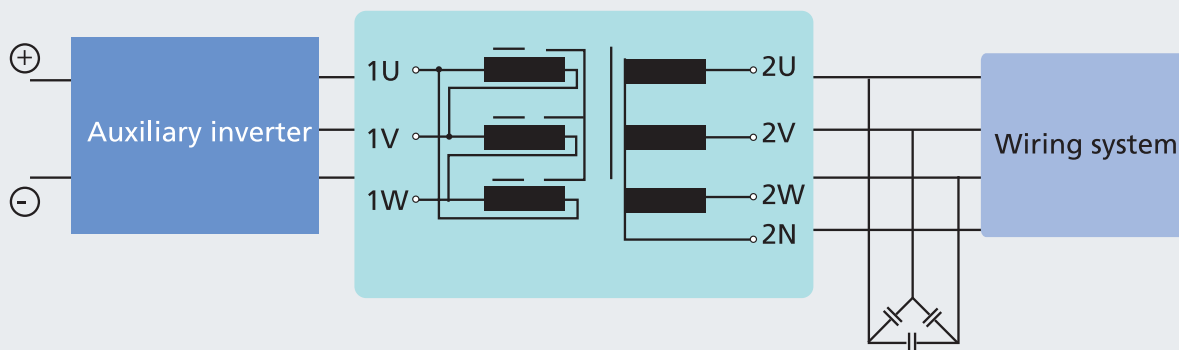
Leakage transformer

In railway applications, where it's about the greatest possible comfort and safety of passengers, components are required that save space, are safe and have a long service life. Supply interruptions or voltage drops can lead to a range of undesirable effects such as the loss of motor power.

The REO leakage transformer ensures harmonized current and voltage outputs, filtering harmonics, and limiting the ripple current.

With the spatial separation of the primary and secondary windings and the resulting intentional increase in the magnetic leakage field, the REO leakage transformer achieves a loose magnetic coupling.

This results in the combination of the function of a transformer (transforming voltage with galvanic separation) and a current-limiting choke.



Construction: The primary winding covers both iron cores; the secondary winding only the non-gapped transformer core. The leakage inductance is defined such that in combination with a downstream capacitor, this forms a low-pass filter for attenuating the pulse-frequency current and voltage components.

To illustrate the action of a leakage transformer the input and output currents and voltages for different frequencies were displayed on an oscilloscope. Comparing the different measurements, it can be seen that the currents and voltages at the output of the leakage transformer are more „harmonious“, i.e. from the interaction of the leakage inductance and the capacitor bank, an LC filter results that filters out the higher harmonics and limits the ripple current.

The higher the switching frequency of the converter, the greater is the effect of the filter.

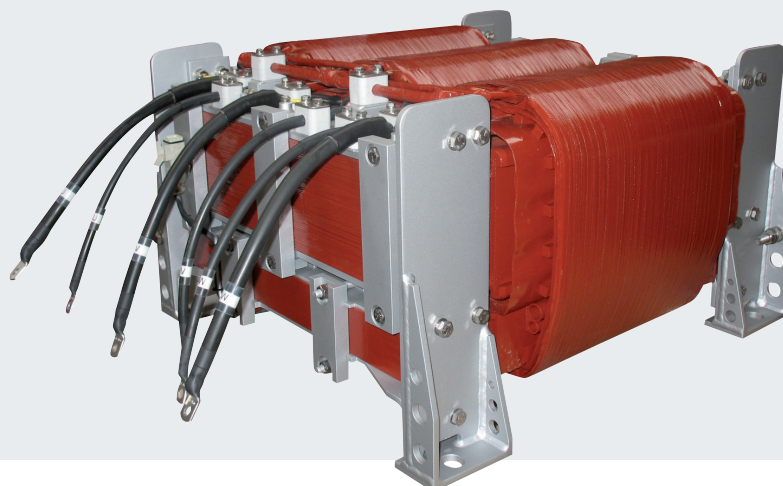
Optional

- Various performance classes:
50 kVA, 100 kVA, 150 kVA and 200 kVA
- Voltage drop up to 10%, 20% and 30%
- Voltage Translation / Windings selectable
- Winding material and isolation degree selectable and eddy-current low loss

Advantages

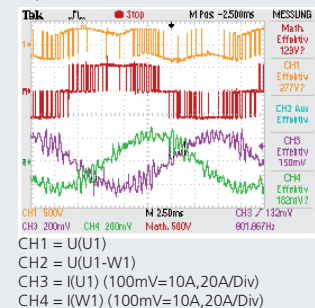
- Space-saving (transformer and choke in a single component)
- longer life for motors from limiting of current peaks
- low-cost
- optimized for railway operation (high degree of pollution, shock- and vibration tested, salt spray and immersion badge tests)

Type*	Power	Uprim/Usek	uk	$L\sigma$, prim. / sek	Cooling
RUT 500-71-10	71 kVA	580 V / 400 V	10%	1.47 / 0.7mH	AN (1 m/s)
RUT 500-86-20	86 kVA	300 V / 400 V	20%	1 / 1.6 mH	AN (1 m/s)
RUT 500-95-19	95 kVA	1175 V / 440 V	19%	7 / 1 mH	AN (1 m/s)
RUT 500-115-33	115 kVA	1660 V / 480 V	33%	21 / 1.7 mH	AN (1 m/s)
RUT 500-120-26	120 kVA	1015 V / 380 V	26%	7.1 / 1 mH	AN (1 m/s)
RUT 500-155-4	155 kVA	690 V / 400 V	4%	0.45 / 0.15 mH	AN (1 m/s)
RUT 500-85-11	85 kVA	560 V / 400 V	11%	1.32 / 0.7mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-90-50	90 kVA	210 V / 400 V	50%	0.66 / 2.4 mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-111-60	111 kVA	210 V / 400 V	60%	0.8 / 2.9 mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-130-25	130 kVA	1175 V / 440 V	25%	7 / 1 mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-160-35	160 kVA	1015 V / 380 V	35%	7.1 / 1 mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-160-46	160 kVA	1660 V / 480 V	46%	21 / 1.7 mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-215-6	215 kVA	690 V / 400 V	6%	0.45 / 0.15 mH	AF (2.5 m/s)
RUT 500-110-6	110 kVA	1050 V / 400 V	6%	1.6 / 0.24 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-110-15	110 kVA	560 V / 400 V	15%	1.32 / 0.7mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-125-6,5	125 kVA	330 V / 400 V	6,5%	0.1 / 0.15 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-168-33	168 kVA	1175 V / 440 V	33%	7 / 1 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-170-26	170 kVA	640 V / 380 V	26%	2 / 0.7 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-200-44	200 kVA	1015 V / 380 V	44%	7.1 / 1 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-200-57	200 kVA	1660 V / 480 V	57%	21 / 1.7 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-208-30	208 kVA	1015 V / 380 V	30%	4.7 / 0.67 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-250-39	250 kVA	726 V / 380 V	39%	2.6 / 0.71 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-275-8	275 kVA	690 V / 400 V	8%	0.45 / 0.15 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-310-27	310 kVA	1370 V / 400 V	27%	5.2 / 0.4 mH	AF (5 m/s)
RUT 500-690-35	690 kVA	1125 V / 750 V	35%	2 / 0.9 mH	OF

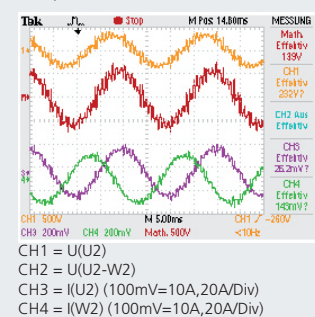


Comparison at 2 kHz:

Input

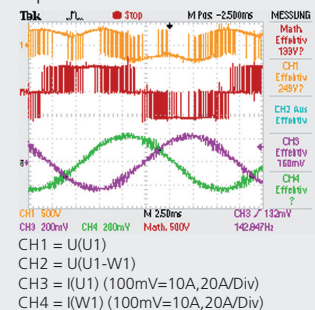


Output

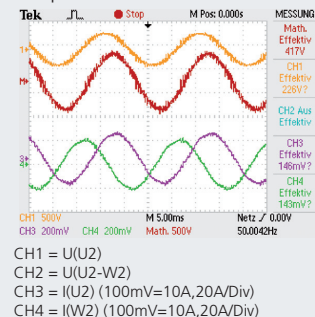


Comparison at 4 kHz:

Input



Output





Technical data*		
Continuous output	Up to 25.000	[W]
Rated voltage	Up to 4.200	[V]
Protection class	IP 00 - IP 65	

REO resistors

Advantages

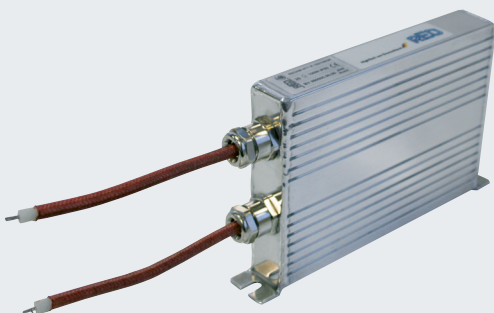
- High mechanical protection
- Low-noise
- Air and liquid-cooled resistors
- High operational reliability and operating life
- Protection classes from IP 00 to IP 65
- Wires are spaced apart through a special winding technology, meaning there is higher dielectric strength
- The resistor can absorb higher pulse loads and store them temporarily
- Resistors are resistant to moisture and pollution
- Low vulnerability for vibrations and oscillations
- Many years of experience with profile filters in the rail sector
- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B
- Environmental assessment (damp heat) according to EN60068-2-78
- Salt mist according to EN60068-2-78

REOhm NTT-resistors

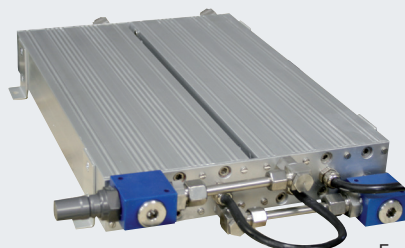
For the REOhm NTT series, only railway-capable, high-quality materials are used. The connection cables and all other components are especially designed for use in railway applications and only materials which have railway approval are used.

Profile version resistors are fully encapsulated, this allows very high protection classes up to IP 65.

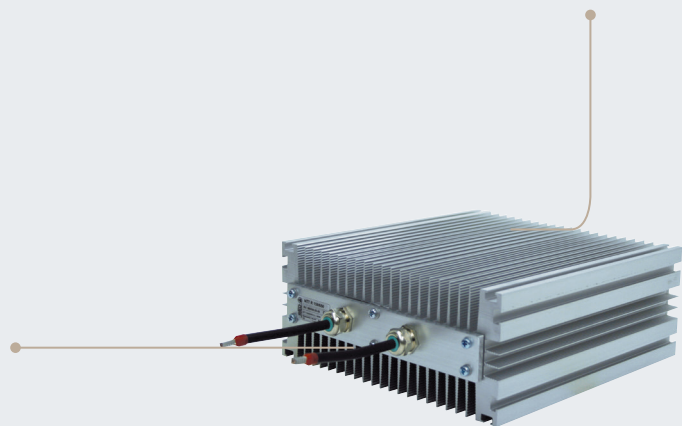
Due to the special construction, external environmental influences have very little impact on the resistors.



Example: REOhm series
NTT R 153



Example: REOhm series
NTT R D 158



Example: REOhm damping
resistor NTT R 159



Technical data*

Primary nominal current	I_{PN}	0 up to 3.000	[A]
Maximum primary nominal current	I_{maxPN}	0 up to 1.000	[A]
Secondary current	I_{aN}	0 up to 1.000	[mA]
Ambient temperature	T_A	-25 - +85	[°C]
Insulation test voltage	V_p	3	[kVac]

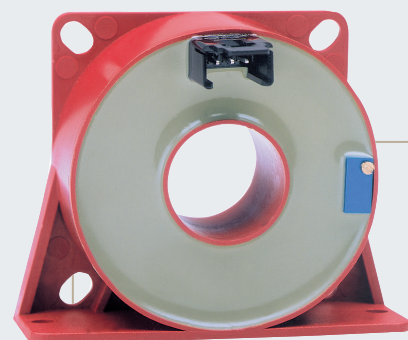
Advantages

- Current transformers for precise current measurements
- Measurements in the frequency range 16 2/3 to -50kHz
- Use of nanocrystalline and high-quality cores
- High-quality wires in temperature class F (155°C), H (180°C)
- High-quality UL listed insulating materials (e.g. UL94-V0)
- Safe electrically isolated primary and secondary circuits
- High reliability
- Non-critical in the event of overload currents
- Robust housing designs (for horizontal/vertical mounting)
- Shock and vibration tests in accordance with DIN EN 61373 Category 1 Class B
- Variable connections: clamps, plugs, flat-cable plugs or cables
- Wide range of housings with various push-through openings

REO current transformers

A broad spectrum of current and voltage transformers from REO provide solutions for a number of applications - for simple current monitoring or working within frequency converters, main and subsidiary current monitoring, and for the efficient reduction of energy consumption.

A variety of technologies, such as open loop and closed loop technology, and the measurement of currents ranging up to 3000 A, ensure that the application can be optimized by using a sensor from REO.

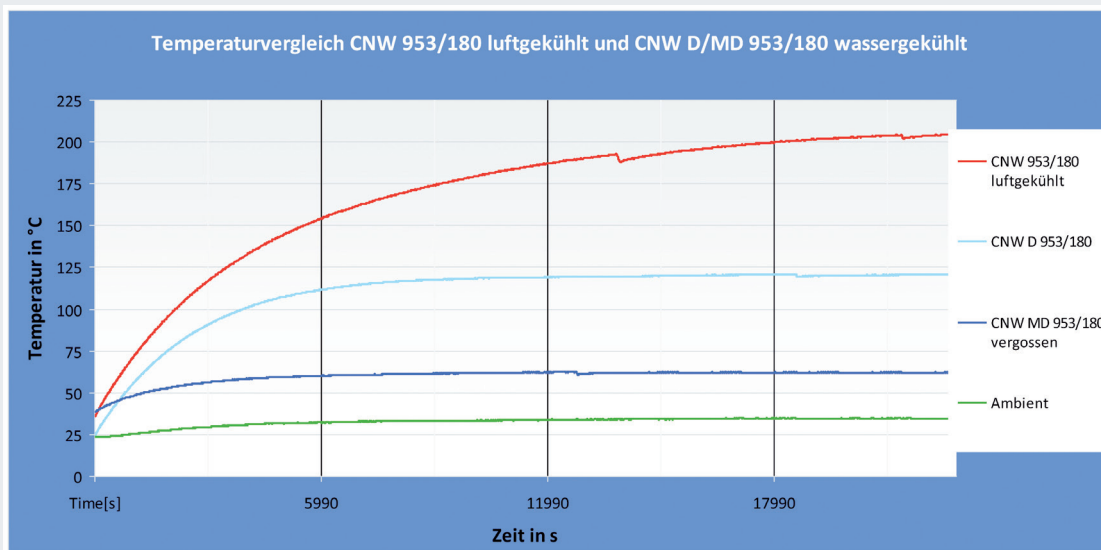




Liquid-cooled chokes - a speciality of REO

The chokes are available in protective types IP 00 to IP 65. REO can realize various types of liquid-cooling for these components. This means the targeted discharge of losses via the cooling circuit - the losses are not discharged into the environment. By using liquid-cooling, the temperatures in the components can be greatly reduced - this means less stress on the insulation materials and a longer lifetime.

Advantages of liquid-cooled chokes



- Max. temperature CNW 953/180 air-cooled: 205°C
- Max. temperature CNW D 953/180 liquid-cooled: 120°C
- Max. temperature CNW MD 953/180 liquid-cooled and poured: 68°C

The advantages of the liquid cooling method can be clearly seen based on the measurements. All 3 variants were tested with the same load; when doing so, the open liquid-cooled reactor had a temperature advantage of 52 K.

In the CNW MD version, the temperature in the reactor could even be lowered by 137 K. This advantage was achieved due to special encapsulation techniques and a special REO construction. In addition, the behavior at different inlet temperatures was researched to test the behavior at different operating conditions.



Series CNW MC - for smaller components

- Reactor cast on a metal plate, with integrated cooling channels. This component enables targeted and optimized cooling for smaller power levels and is characterized by its simple integration into existing cooling systems
- Available in 4 versions (IP 00, IP 20, IP 20+EMV and IP 64)
- Current 3-70A

Technical data*	
Current	6 - 70 A
Protection	IP 00...IP 64
Inductance	0,1 - 10 mH

CNW MC

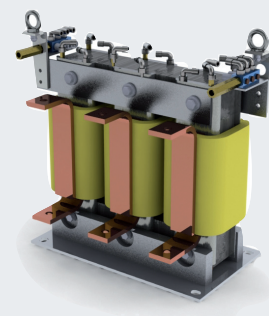


Series CNW MD - for medium to larger power levels

- Choke in an open design, for which the cooling profile is integrated into the winding. With this technology, the heat can be directly tied to its source and can be removed easily.
- Completely encapsulated chokes, for which „water pockets“, are connected to a liquid-cooling system. These are constructed within the windings and encapsulating compounds. This technology unites the advantages of encapsulation technology to achieve a high protective class and the effective heat dissipation at its source.

Technical data*	
Design	Open design
Current	100 - 1200 A
Protection	IP 00...IP 40
Inductance	5 - 147 mH

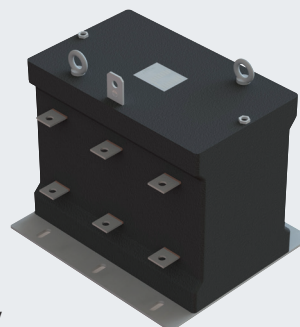
CNW MD



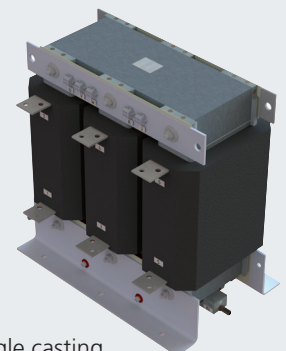
Open design

Technical data*	
Design	Encapsulated version with water-pockets
Current	100 - 3000 A
Protection	IP 00...IP 65
Inductance	5 - 200 mH

CNW MD

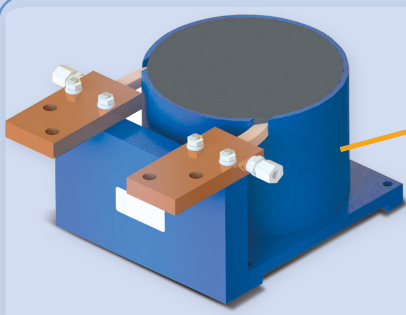


Fully encapsulated



Single casting of the coils

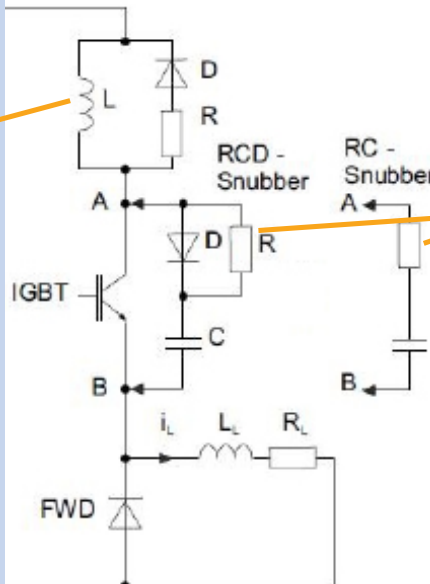
Direct water-cooled components




**Surge current choke
NTT LD-DH 100**

Used in snubber element for di/dt limitation

Rated current: 500 - 2500 A
Rated voltage: up to 3000 V



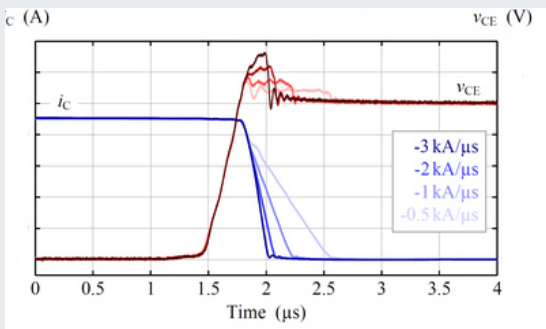


**Snubber Resistor
REOhm RD 130**

Resistor for attenuation of HF oscillations and for limitation of discharge currents

Power: 4000 W
Rated voltage: 600 V

The direct water-cooled inductances and resistors are used in attenuation devices (snubber elements). The attenuation elements serve to limit voltage rise speed (dv/dt) and current rise value (di/dt) on semiconductors (thyristors, IGBTs, bi-polar transistors) to an uncritical value for the elements. Cooling is achieved using deionized water. Typical application is with high power converters or medium-voltage converters.



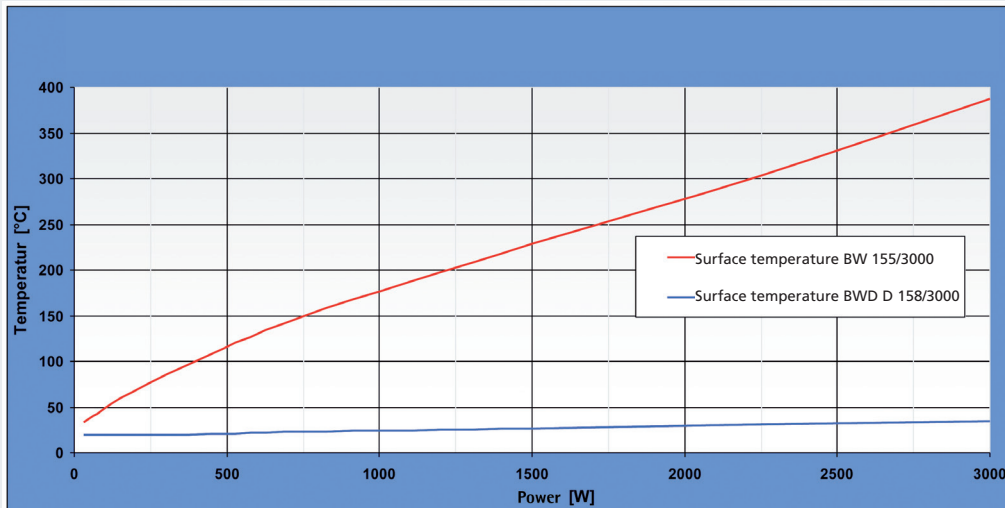
Comparison of dv/dt and di/dt of an IGBT at the moment of disconnection with and without the use of snubber elements.

Advantages

- Protection from too high voltage rise dv/dt
- Protection from too high current rise di/dt
- High pulse strength
- Direct water cooling
- Compact size
- Cooling with deionized water
- Low weight



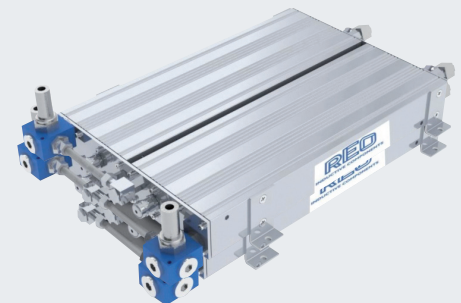
Liquid-cooled resistors - ideal for railway technology



Are available with power levels from 1 to 100 kW. Cooling channels introduced into the heat sink enable efficient cooling and the spatial separation of the electrical conductors- and coolant - enabling safe application. In addition to the general advantages of the REOHM braking resistors, such as modular construction to attain higher power levels or the compact design, the braking resistors have an optimal structure and power consumption, enabling them to also withstand vibration and shock tests. REOHM braking resistors are an optimized combination of proven and innovative techniques, so that nothing stands in the way of its use with high power classes under conditions of limited space especially when using liquid-cooling.

Series REOHM BW D158 /160

- Braking and load resistance for the drive technology, industrial applications.
- Power: 5 – 100 kW
- Cooling channels series BW D 158: Aluminum (AlMgSi 0.5) Di = 10.5mm
- Cooling channels series BW D 160: Copper or stainless steel Di = 10 mm



Advantages

- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B
- Environmental assessment (damp heat) according to EN60068-2-78
- Salt mist according to EN60068-2-78



Series REOHM BW D330

- This series BWD 330 is available as loading or damping resistor or braking resistor for railway technology with capacities up to 100 kW. Liquid cooling enables space savings up to 88 %. As a special bonus, the resistor can be connected easily via non-drip quick connectors.

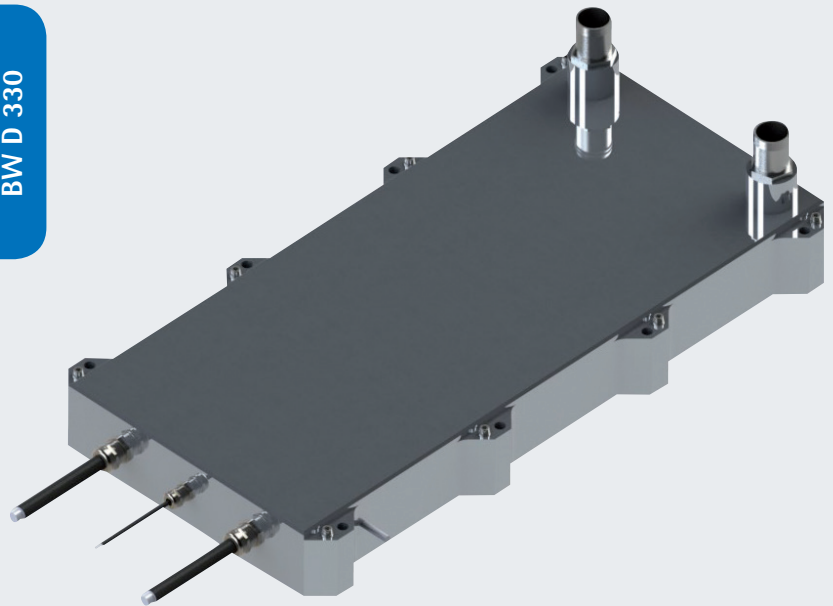


Technical data	
Power	up to 60 kW
Protection	IP 20 up to IP 66
Resistance value	1 up to 100 Ohm

BW D 330

Advantages

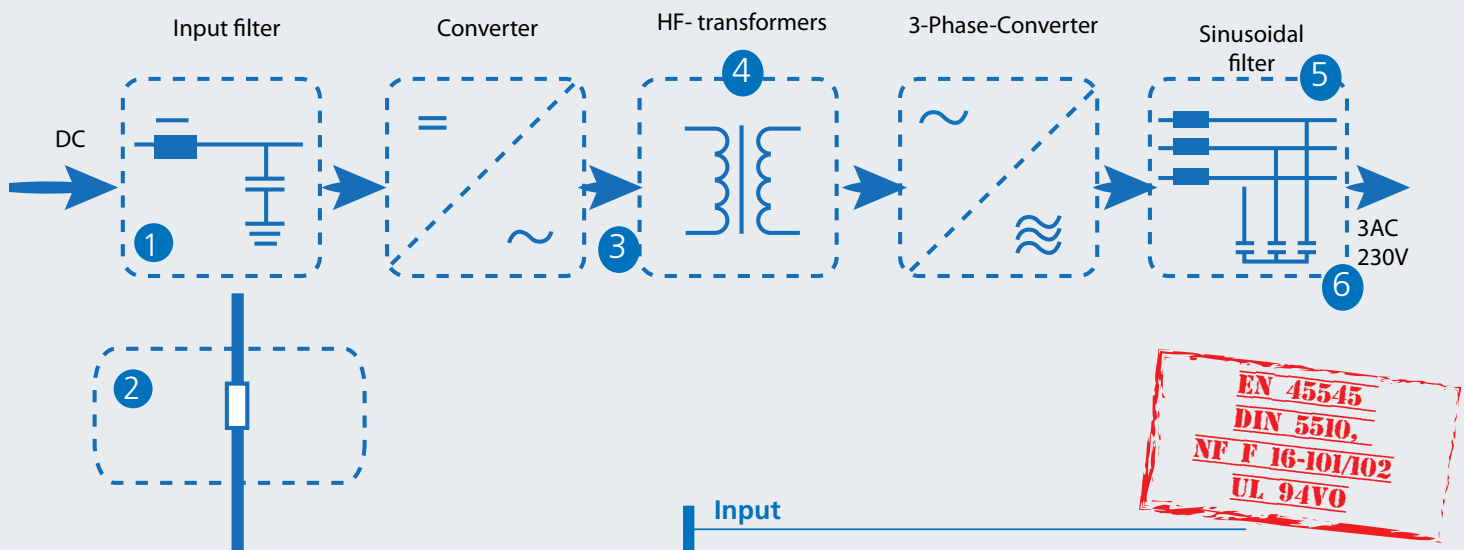
- 88% space savings
- higher power by combinations possible
- Vibration and shock tested in accordance with DIN 61373 Cat. 1 Class B
- Environmental assessment (damp heat) according to EN60068-2-78
- Salt mist according to EN60068-2-78
- dripless quick-connections





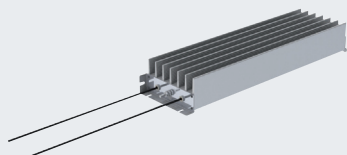
Electric railways have an extraordinary energy demand, e.g. for heating, air conditioning, lighting or cooking in the bistro car. All of these peripheral applications normally require a supply that is different from the available electricity source. In addition to providing optimum power to these facilities there is also an important requirement to ensure electromagnetic compatibility for the protection of passengers. These auxiliary converters must meet the tough requirements of railway technology: shock and vibration resistance, high protection levels and a long life are just a few examples of these demands.

REO develops and manufactures components for this purpose, often available as standard products but also providing fast turnaround of special designs - for every application the right solution!



Precharging resistor

Liquid-cooled ColdPlate version



- 1** REO mains choke 750V-3600 V*
 – in cast design for ingress protection up to IP65; Used for reducing commutation losses and harmonics; very robust and good heat transfer

or

- REO EMC filter*
 – with high attenuation (up to 100 dB from simple to broad spectra) in a practical profile housing for variable installation and with low heating guaranteed

- 2** REO charging resistors (up to 3kW)*
 – high power density, wide variety of connection options and possible combinations of several resistors in one profile (type of protection up to IP67)

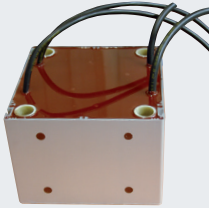


DC-Link

3 REO Boost/Buck converter

The choke is used in applications where DC voltages are converted into another (higher or lower) DC voltage in a vehicle power supply and is operated at a voltage of 500 V .. 1100. Chokes are manufactured with copper windings and amorphous core.

or



4 REO HF-Transformer**

The HF transformer is used for example at a voltage supply as an isolating transformer. A safe separation and low partial discharge voltages are characteristic.

Output

5 REO Sinusoidal filter (690 V / 1200 A)*

– for giving sinusoidal form to current and voltage. For example, used in air conditioning systems against noise (protection up to IP65)

or

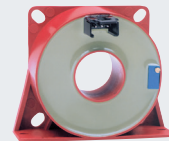
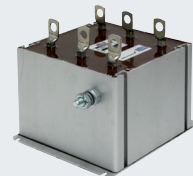
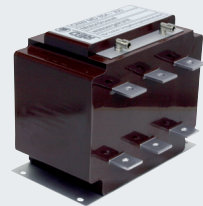
REO dv/dt-filter (690 V / to 150 A)*

–for limiting the voltage rise at the output from the converter with high inductance, low total losses and minimal leakage field (type of protection up to IP65)

or

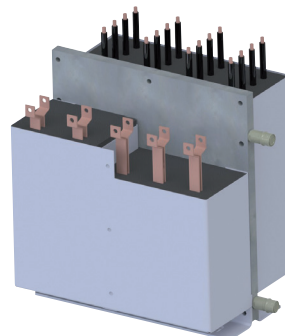
6 REO current transformer (0 - 1000 A) **

–In railway-compatible design for AC / DC measurements up to 150 kHz, they are characterized by short response times and excellent linearity.



Combinations

As an alternative to directly liquid-cooled chokes REO provides a cold plate version, too, which has the advantage that different components can be mounted on a plate. Besides you can see an example of a customized solution with chokes and HF-components.



Coldplate version

Example of a customized solution: Combination of filter chokes, boost converter and transformers, suitable for railway engineering and mounted on a Coldplate

*higher performances on request



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